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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/660,287 09/12/2000		09/12/2000	Paul C. Weaver	8932-146 6504	
20582	7590	07/17/2002			
PENNIE & I			EXAMINER		
1667 K STRE SUITE 1000	ET NW	/	ROBERT, EDUARDO C		
WASHINGTON, DC 20006				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3732	
				DATE MAILED: 07/17/2002	#5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	in No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		*						
		09/660,28	7 	WEAVER ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	-	Art Unit				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication a	Eduardo C		3732 correspondence address				
Period fo		ppcure on are						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	·						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is	non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allo	wance excep	t for formal matters, p	rosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application	on.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from coi	nsideration.	•				
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 18</u> is/are rejected.							
7)🛛	Claim(s) 12-17 is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on 12 September 2000 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
!	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
. * (3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 								
Attachmer	. ,			,				
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	s) <u>2,3,4</u> .		ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
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Art Unit: 3732

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Talos, et al. (Reference "AC" on PTO-1449).

Talos, et al. disclose a bone plating system comprising a bone plate having an upper surface, a bone-contacting surface, at least first hole passing through the upper and bone-contacting surfaces and having a thread; and at least one second hole passing through the upper and bone-contacting surfaces (see Figure 1). The system further comprises at least one first screw 6 having a shaft with a thread and a head with a thread configured and dimensioned to mate with the thread of the first hole. The system further comprises a second screw, e.g. screw 7, having a shaft with a thread and a head. The bone plate includes a plurality of first and second holes and plurality of screws. The plate has a trapezoidal shaped cross section in a region between a first and a second holes (see Figures 1, 4, 7).

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Traumatology Orthop (Reference "AL' ". on PTO-1449).

Traumatology Orthop discloses a method comprising the steps of reducing a fracture to bring bone fragments in close apposition using the plate 1; compressing a bone plate against the

Art Unit: 3732

bone with at least one first fastener to hold the fracture reduction; securing at least one second fastener at a fixed angular relationship to the bone plate, where the first fastener is inserted before the at least second fastener.

Applicant is reminded that an anticipation under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) or 102(e) is established when a single prior art reference discloses, either expressly or under principles of inherency, each and every element of a claimed invention. *RCA Corp. v. Applied Digital Data System, Inc.*, 730 F.2d 1440, 221 USPQ 385 (Fed. Cir. 1984). Furthermore, it is well settled that the law of anticipation does not required that the reference teach what appellant is teaching or has disclosed, but only that the claims on appeal "read on" something disclosed in the reference, i.e. all limitation of the claims are found in the reference. *Kalman v. Kimberly Clark Corp.*, 713 F.2d 760, 218 USPQ 781 (Fed. Cir. 1083). Moreover, it is not necessary for the applied reference to expressly disclose or describe a particular element or limitation of a rejected claim word for word as in the rejected claim so long as the reference inherently discloses that element or limitation. *Standard Havens Products Inc. v. Gencor Industries Inc.*, 953 F.2d 1360, 21 USPQ 2d. 1321 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 3732

Claims 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Talos, et al. (Reference "AC" on PTO-1449) in view of Decoste (Reference "AH" on PTO-1449).

Talos, et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the bone screws being self-tapping, self-drilling and cannulated. Decoste teaches to make bone screw self-tapping, self-drilling and cannulated in order to minimize or eliminate the danger of thermal necrosis and facilitate the insertion and removal of the screw into the bone (see col. 1, lines 5-12 and col. 1, line 35 through col. 2, line 24). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the system of Talos, et al. with the screws being self-tapping, self-drilling, and cannulated in view of Decoste, in order to minimize or eliminate the danger of thermal necrosis and facilitate the insertion and removal of the screw into the bone.

Claims 7, 8, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Talos, et al. (Reference "AC" on PTO-1449).

Talos, et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the holes having a conical shape with double lead thread. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the system of Talos, et al. with the holes having a conical shape with double lead thread, since it is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find obvious. In re Dailey and Eilers, 149 USPQ 47 (1966). With regard to claim 11, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the system of Talos, et al. the plate being shape to conform to a metaphysis of a bone and to a diaphysis of a bone, since it is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find obvious for the intended use. In re Dailey and Eilers, 149 USPQ 47

Art Unit: 3732

(1966). Moreover, it is noted that it is well known in the art to shape bone plates with different forms depending on the intended use, e.g. the Patent to Reed (US Pat 5,968,047) clearly shows some of the different shapes a bone plate may take (see Figures 28a-28i).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 12-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Lester, et al.; Judet, et al.; McCarthy; and Vandewalle are cited art of interest.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eduardo C. Robert whose telephone number is 703-305-7333. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:30am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nick Lucchesi can be reached on 703-308-2698. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 3732

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-11/98-7

Eduardo C/Robert Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3732

E.C. Robert July 13, 2002